

# ASCII Communication Driver

This document has the specific information related to the driver configuration. For a generic explanation on Devices, Channels, Nodes and Points configuration, please refer to reference guide.

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## Section 1 – Summary Information

**Communication Driver Name:** ASCII

**Implementation DLL:** T.ProtocolDriver.ASCII.dll

**Protocol:** Generic ASCII

**Interface:** TCP/IP and Serial

**Description:** ASCII driver implements communication with any device using ASCII protocol on TCP/IP or serial networks. The communications blocks are dynamically created according the pooling cycle defined on the AccessType for each Device Point.

**PLC types supported:** Any PLC compatible with ASCII Protocol

## Section 2 – Channel Configuration

### Protocol Options

**BlockSize:** Defines the maximum amount of characters, the default value is **250**.

**StartChar:** Defines the start character of coming message.

**EndChar:** Defines the end character of coming message.

### Settings

Serial and MultiSerial channels:

Default configuration:

**BaudRate:** 9600

**DataBits:** 8

**StopBits:** 1

**Parity:** None

TCP/IP channels:

- **NodeConnections:** Defines the maximum number of parallel requests that will be sent to each node (asynchronous communication)

## Section 3 – Node Configuration

### Station Configuration

Serial channels:

- Nothing

TCP/IP channels:

- Station syntax: <IP address> ; <Port number>

Where : <IP address> = IP address of the slave device in the ASCII network

< Port number > = TCP port where the slave device is listening (default is 502)

Ex: 192.168.1.101 ; 502

## Section 4 – Point Configuration

The syntax for the ASCII communication points is: <SequenceId>:<SizeOf>

Where:

< SequenceId > indicates the data order where the TX message will be created:

<SizeOf> indicates the characters amount from the configured tag

Example:

## Section 5 – Access Point

- Read and Write commands will generate the same TX message.
- **In coming messages from device will be treated as an Unsolicited Message.**

## Section 6 – Example

Point 1

TagName: TagA (value equal ABCD)

Address: 0:3

Point 2

TagName: TagB (value equal 1234)

Address: 2:3

Point 3

TagName: TagC (value equal abcd)

Address: 1:4

The TX message created is: ABCabcd123

## Section 7 – Troubleshoot

The status of the driver execution can be observed through the Factory Studio diagnostic tools, that are:

- Trace window
- Property Watch
- Module Information

The above tools indicate if the operations have succeeded or have failed where the status 0 (zero) means success. Negative values are internal error codes and positive values are protocol error codes.

## Revision History

Revision	Description	Date
A	Initial Revision	August, 2015
B	Added the Start and End character	September, 2016